- 10 Includes livestock grazing but excludes feedlots and in-
- tensive animal husbandry.

 11 Includes feedlots and intensive animal husbandry.

 12 No structures (except airfield lighting), buildings or above ground utility/communication lines should be located in the clear zone. For further runway safety clearance limitations pertaining to the clear zone see AFM 86–6 TM 5–803–4 and NAVFAC P–80.2
- NAVFAC P-80.2

 13 Lumber and timber products removed due to establishment, expansion or maintenance of clear zones will be disposed of in accordance with DoD Instruction 4170.7, "Natural Resources—Forest Management," June 21, 1965 (32 CFR 233) and DoD Instruction 7310.1, "Accounting and Reporting for Property Disposal and Proceeds from Sale of Disposable Personal Property and Lumber or Timber Products," July 10, 1970.1
- 14 Includes hunting and fishing.
 15 Controlled hunting and fishing may be permitted for the purpose of wildlife control.

§ 256.9 Real estate interests to be considered for clear zones and accident potential zone.

- (a) The right to make low and frequent flights over said land and to generate noises associated with:
- (1) Aircraft in flight, whether or not while directly over said land,
- (2) Aircraft and aircraft engines operating on the ground at said base, and,
- (3) Aircraft engine test/stand/cell operations at said base.
- (b) The right to regulate or prohibit the release into the air of any substance which would impair the visibility or otherwise interfere with the operations of aircraft, such as, but not limited to, steam, dust and smoke.
- (c) The right to regulate or prohibit light emissions, either direct or indirect (reflective), which might interfere with pilot vision.
- (d) The right to prohibit electrical emissions which would interfere with aircraft and aircraft communications systems or aircraft navigational equip-
- (e) The right to prohibit any use of the land which would unnecessarily attract birds or waterfowl, such as, but not limited to, operation of sanitary landfills, maintenance of feeding stations or the growing of certain types of vegetation attractive to birds or waterfowl.
- (f) The right to prohibit and remove any buildings or other non-frangible structures.
- (g) The right to top, cut to ground level, and to remove trees, shrubs, brush or other forms of obstruction which the installation commander determines might interfere with the operation of aircraft, including emergency landings.

- (h) The right of ingress and egress upon, over and across said land for the purpose of exercising the rights set forth herein.
- (i) The right to post signs on said land indicating the nature and extent of the Government's control over said land.
- (j) The right to prohibit land uses other than the following:
 - (1) Agriculture.
 - (2) Livestock grazing.
 - (3) Permanent open space.
 - (4) Existing water areas.
- (5) Rights of way for fenced two lane highways, without sidewalks or bicycle trails and single track railroads.
- (6) Communications and utilities rights of way, provided all facilities are at or below grade.
- (k) The right to prohibit entry of persons onto the land except in connection with activities authorized under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (f) of this section.
- (1) The right to disapprove land uses not in accordance with §256.8.
- (m) The right to control the height of structures to insure that they do not become a hazard to flight.
- (n) The right to install airfield lighting and navigational aids.

§256.10 Air installations compatible use zone noise descriptors.

- (a) Composite Noise Rating (CNR) and Noise Exposure Forecast (NEF) values as previously required by Sections III., IV., and V. of DoD Instruction 4165.57, "Air Installations Compatible Use Zones," July 30, 19731 will no longer be used.
- (b) Where CNR 100 (or the quietest boundary of CNR Zone 2 if otherwise computed) or NEF 30 would previously have been used, data shall be collected sufficient to permit computation of Ldn 65 noise contours and these noise contours shall be plotted on maps accompanying AICUZ studies.
- (c) Where CNR 115 (or the boundary of CNR Zone 3 if otherwise computed) or NEF 40 would previously have been used, data shall be collected sufficient to permit computation of Ldn 75 noise

¹ Filed as part of original. Copies available in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics)—IO, Washington, DC 20301.

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contours and these noise contours shall be plotted on maps accompanying AICUZ studies.

- (d) Where previous studies have used CNR or NEF, for meters of policy, noise planning and decisionmaking, areas quieter than Ldn 65 shall be considered approximately equivalent to the previously used CNR Zone 1 and to areas quieter than NEF 30. The area between Ldn 65 and Ldn 75 shall be considered approximately equivalent to the previously used CNR Zone 2 and to the area between NEF 30 and NEF 40. The area of higher noise than Ldn 75 shall be considered approximately equivalent to the previously used CNR Zone 3 and to noise higher the NEF 40. The procedures shall remain in effect only until sufficient data to compute land values can be obtained.
- (e) When computing helicopter noise levels using data collected from meters, a correction of +7db shall be added to meter readings obtained under conditions where blade slap was present until and unless matters are developed which more accurately reflect true conditions.
- (f) Noise contours less than Ldn 65 or more than Ldn 80 need not be plotted for AICUZ studies.
- (g) Since CNR noise levels are not normally directly convertible to Ldn values without introducing significant error, care should be exercised to assure that personnel do not revise previous studies by erroneously relabeling CNR contours to the approximately equivalent Ldn values.
- (h) Where intermittent impulse noises are such as are associated with bombing and gunnery ranges are of importance such noises will be measured using standard "C" weighing of the various frequencies to insure a description most representative of actual human response.

§ 256.11 Effective date and implementation.

This part is effective immediately. Two copies of implementing regulations shall be forwarded to the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics) within 90 days after publication of final rules.

PART 257—ACCEPTANCE OF SERVICE OF PROCESS

Sec.

257.1 Purpose.

257.2 Applicability.

257.3 Definition.

257.4 Policy.

257.5 Responsibilities.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301, 133.

SOURCE: 49 FR 1490, Jan. 12, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 257.1 Purpose.

This rule updates DoD policy governing acceptance of service of process served on the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the Military Departments

§ 257.2 Applicability.

This rule applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) and the Military Departments.

§ 257.3 Definition.

Service of Process. When applied to the filing of a court action against an officer or agency of the United States, service of process refers to the delivery or, when appropriate, receipt by mail, of a summons and complaint made in accordance with Rule 4, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure by serving the United States and by serving a copy of the summons and complaint by registered or certified mail to such officer or agency. It further signifies the delivery of a subpoena requiring a witness to appear and give testimony or of a subpoena requiring production of documents, or delivery of a subpoena for any other reason whether or not the matter involves the United States.

§257.4 Policy.

It is DoD policy to accept service of process directed to the Secretary of Defense or a Secretary of a Military Department in his official capacity. Acceptance of service of process will not constitute an admission or waiver with respect to the jurisdiction or to the propriety of service.

§ 257.5 Responsibilities.

The following responsibilities may not be redelegated: